

Creation Date 07-May-2010

Revision Date 30-Jan-2015

Revision Number 4

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE **COMPANY/UNDERTAKING**

1.1. Product identification

Cat No. : CAS-No

EC-No.

Product Description: Trimethoxysilane 392170000; 392170050; 392170250; 392171000 2487-90-3 219-637-2 C3 H10 O3 Si **Molecular Formula**

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use	Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against	No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Acros Organics BVBA Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a 2440 Geel, Belgium begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com E-mail address

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information US call: 001-800-ACROS-01 / Europe call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number US:001-201-796-7100 / Europe: +32 14 57 52 99 CHEMTREC Tel. No.US:001-800-424-9300 / Europe:001-703-527-3887

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Physical hazards	Category 2	
Substances/mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases	Category 3	
Health hazards		
Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors	Category 1	
Skin Corrosion/irritation	Category 1 C	
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 1	
Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)	Category 3	
Environmental hazards		
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		

Symbol(S)	
	T+ - Very toxic
	C - Corrosive
R-phrase(s)	R11 - Highly flammable
	R15 - Contact with water liberates extremely flammable gases
	R26 - Very toxic by inhalation

Trimethoxysilane

R34 - Causes burns

R37 - Irritating to respiratory system

For the full text of the R-phrases and H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

- H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor
- H261 In contact with water releases flammable gases
- H330 Fatal if inhaled
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation
- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

Precautionary Statements

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician

- P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking
- P231 + P232 Handle under inert gas. Protect from moisture
- P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P261 - Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapors/ spray

2.3. Other hazards

No information available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

Component	CAS-No	EC-No.	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	DSD Classification - 67/548/EEC
Trimethoxysilane	2487-90-3	EEC No. 219-637-2	95	Flam. liq. 2 (H225) Water-react. 3 (H261) Acute Tox. 1 (H330) Skin Corr. 1C (H314) Eye Dam. 1 (H318) STOT SE 3 (H335)	F; R11-15 T+; R26 C; R34 Xi; R37

For the full text of the R-phrases and H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Trimethoxysilane	Revision Date 30-Jan-201
General Advice	Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
Eye Contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. In the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately.
Inhalation	If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Do not use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; induce artificial respiration with a respiratory medical device. Move to fresh air. Immediate medical attention is required.
Protection of First-aiders	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.
4.2. Most important symptoms	and effects, both acute and delayed
	Breathing difficulties. Causes burns by all exposure routes Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and

vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons No information available.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes, Flammable, Containers may explode when heated, Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air, Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), Silicon dioxide, Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional ecological information.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not ingest. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Wear personal protective equipment. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Corrosives area. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Store under an inert atmosphere.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with occupational exposure limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

Biological limit values

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies.

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours

MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	No information availabl	e		
Route of exposure	Acute effects (local)	Acute effects (systemic)	Chronic effects (local)	Chronic effects (systemic)
Oral				
Dermal				
Inhalation				

Predicted No Effect Concentration No information available. (PNEC)

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection	Goggles (European standard - EN 166)
Hand Protection	Protective gloves

Glove material Nitrile rubber Neoprene Natural rubber PVC	Breakthrough time See manufacturers recommendations	Glove thickness -	EU standard EN 374	Glove comments (minimum requirement)
Skin and body pr	otection Long	sleeved clothing		

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection	When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly
Large scale/emergency use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced
	Recommended Filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to EN14387
Small scale/Laboratory use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141 When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted
Hygiene Measures	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.
Environmental exposure controls	No information available.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	No information available
Physical State	Liquid

Trimethoxysilane

Odor Odor Threshold pH Melting Point/Range Softening Point Boiling Point/Range Flash Point Evaporation Rate Flammability (solid,gas) Explosion Limits	No information available No data available No information available -115 °C / -175 °F No data available 86 °C / 186.8 °F -9 °C / 15.8 °F No data available Not applicable No data available	@ 760 mmHg Method - No information available Liquid
Vapor Pressure Vapor Density Specific Gravity / Density Bulk Density Water Solubility	<7.2 mmHg @ 20 °C No information available 0.96 Not applicable Reacts with water	(Air = 1.0) Liquid
Water Solubility Solubility in other solvents Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/wa Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature Viscosity Explosive Properties Oxidizing Properties	No information available	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air
9.2. Other information		

Molecular Formula C3 H10 O3 Si **Molecular Weight**

122.2

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity	Yes
10.2. Chemical stability	Moisture sensitive
10.3. Possibility of hazardous react	
Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous Reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur. No information available.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and
10.5. Incompatible materials	sources of ignition. Exposure to moist air or water.
	Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Strong bases.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition pro	
	Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO ₂). Silicon dioxide. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity; Oral

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Dermal Inhalation	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Category 1						
Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation				
Trimethoxysilane	1560 µL/kg (Rat)	6300 µL/kg (Rabbit)	42 ppm (Rat) 4 h				
(b) skin corrosion/irritation;	Category 1 C						
(c) serious eye damage/irritation;	Category 1						
(d) respiratory or skin sensitization; Respiratory Skin	; No data available No data available						
(e) germ cell mutagenicity;	No data available						
(f) carcinogenicity;	No data available						
	There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product						
(g) reproductive toxicity;	No data available						
(h) STOT-single exposure;	Category 3						
(i) STOT-repeated exposure;	No data available						
Target Organs	No information available.						
(j) aspiration hazard;	No data available						
Other Adverse Effects	The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated. See actual entry in RTECS for complete information						
Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed	Id Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation						
SE	CTION 12: ECOLOGI	CAL INFORMATION					

12.1. Toxicity Ecotoxicity effects	Do not empty into drains.
12.2. Persistence and degradability Persistence	No information available Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumulation is unlikely
<u>12.4. Mobility in soil</u>	The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. Disperses rapidly in air
<u>12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB</u> assessment	No data available for assessment.
12.6. Other adverse effects Endocrine Disruptor Information Persistent Organic Pollutant	This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

Trimethoxysilane

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SE	CTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS			
13.1. Waste treatment methods				
Waste from Residues / Unused Products	Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.			
Contaminated Packaging	Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.			
European Waste Catalogue (EWC) Other Information	According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not dispose of waste into sewer. Can be incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms.			
SE	ECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION			
IMDG/IMO				
<u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> Subsidiary Hazard Class <u>14.4. Packing group</u>	UN3384 TOXIC BY INHALATION LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S 6.1 3 I			
ADR				
<u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> Subsidiary Hazard Class <u>14.4. Packing group</u>	UN3384 TOXIC BY INHALATION LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S 6.1 6.1 3 I			
IATA	Forbidden			
14.1. UN number 14.2. UN proper shipping name 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 14.4. Packing group				
14.5. Environmental hazards	No hazards identified			
14.6. Special precautions for user	No special precautions required			
14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code	_Not applicable, packaged goods			

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories		X = listed									
Component	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	PICCS	ENCS	IECSC	AICS	KECL
Trimethoxysilane	219-637-2	-		X	-	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	Х

Trimethoxysilane

Ozone Depletion Potential

National Regulations

Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment. Take note of Dir 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has not been conducted

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of R-phrases referred to under sections 2 and 3

R34 - Causes burns

R15 - Contact with water liberates extremely flammable gases

R11 - Highly flammable

R26 - Very toxic by inhalation

R37 - Irritating to respiratory system

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H261 - In contact with water releases flammable gases

H330 - Fatal if inhaled

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service	TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory
EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemica Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances	5
PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances	ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances
IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances	AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances	NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit	TWA - Time Weighted Average
ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists	IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer
DNEL - Derived No Effect Level	PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration
RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment	LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%
LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%	EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%
NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration	POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water
PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic	vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative
ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of	ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air
Dangerous Goods by Road	Transport Association
IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime	MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from
Dangerous Goods Code	Ships
OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development	ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF - Bioconcentration factor	VOC - Volatile Organic Compounds

Key literature references and sources for data

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Creation Date07-May-2010Revision Date30-Jan-2015Revision SummaryUpdate to Format.This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Disclaimer

The information provided on this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guide for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered as a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other material or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet