

Creation Date 24-Nov-2010 Revision Date 18-Mar-2014 Revision Number 4

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: Lead(II) sulfate

Cat No. : 387270000; 387271000; 387275000

 CAS-No
 7446-14-2

 EC-No.
 231-198-9

 Molecular Formula
 O4 Pb S

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals
Uses advised against No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Acros Organics BVBA

Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a

2440 Geel. Belaium

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-ACROS-01 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No.**US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Physical hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Health hazards

Acute oral toxicityCategory 4Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Dusts and MistsCategory 4Reproductive ToxicityCategory 1ASpecific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure)Category 2

Environmental hazards

Acute aquatic toxicity Category 1
Chronic aquatic toxicity Category 1

Classification according to EU Directives 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

Symbol(s) T - Toxic

N - Dangerous for the environment

Lead(II) sulfate Revision Date 18-Mar-2014

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

R-phrase(s) R61 - May cause harm to the unborn child

R33 - Danger of cumulative effects

R62 - Possible risk of impaired fertility

R20/22 - Harmful by inhalation and if swallowed

R50/53 - Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

environment

For the full text of the R-phrases and H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H360Df - May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility

Precautionary Statements

P281 - Use personal protective equipment as required

P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use

P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

2.3. Other hazards

No information available.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

Component	CAS-No	EC-No.	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	DSD Classification - 67/548/EEC
Lead sulfate	7446-14-2	EEC No. 231-198-9	>95	Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Acute Tox. 4 (H332) Repr. 1A (H360Df) STOT RE 2 (H373) Aquatic Acute 1 (H400) Aquatic Chronic 1 (H410)	Xn; R20/22 R33 N; R50-53 Repr.Cat.1; R61 Repr.Cat.3; R62

For the full text of the R-phrases and H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Lead(II) sulfate Revision Date 18-Mar-2014

General Advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is

required.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. In the

case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

Skin Contact Immediate medical attention is required. Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least

15 minutes.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately.

Inhalation Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Immediate medical attention is required.

Do not use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; induce

artificial respiration with a respiratory medical device.

Protection of First-aiders Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No information available

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Sulfur oxides, lead oxides, lead.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid dust formation.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. Should not be released into the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Lead(II) sulfate

Revision Date 18-Mar-2014

Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Avoid dust formation.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not ingest. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Wear personal protective equipment. Do not breathe vapors/dust. Avoid dust formation.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s):

UK - EH40/2005 Containing the workplace exposure limits (WELs) for use with the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 (as amended). Updated by September 2006 official press release and October 2007 Supplement.

Com	ponent
Lead	sulfate

European Union	The United Kingdom	France	Belgium	Spain
	STEL: 0.45 mg/m ³ 15	TWA / VME: 0.1 mg/m ³		TWA / VLA-ED: 0.15
	min	(8 heures). restrictive		mg/m³ (8 horas)
	TWA: 0.15 mg/m ³ 8 hr	limit		

Component Lead sulfate

Italy	Germany	Portugal	The Netherlands	Finland
		TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³ 8		
		horas		

Component Lead sulfate

Austria	Denmark	Switzerland	Poland	Norway
STEL: 0.4 mg/m ³ 15		STEL: 0.8 mg/m ³ 15		TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³ 8 timer
Minuten		Minuten		
TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ 8		MAK: 0.1 mg/m ³ 8		
Stunden		Stunden		

Biological limit values

List source(s):

Component Lead sulfate

European Union	United Kingdom	France	Spain	Germany
		Lead: 400 µg/L blood		
		Lead: 300 µg/L blood		
		Lead: 200 µg/L blood		
		Lead: 100 µg/L blood		

Lead(II) sulfate Revision Date 18-Mar-2014

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust

MDHS6/3 Lead and inorganic compounds of lead in air Laboratory method using flame or electrothermal atomic absorption spectrometry

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) No information available.

Route of exposure	Acute effects (local)	Acute effects (systemic)	Chronic effects (local)	Chronic effects (systemic)
Oral				
Dermal				
Inhalation				

Predicted No Effect Concentration

No information available.

(PNEC)

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source.

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Natural rubber Nitrile rubber Neoprene PVC	See manufacturers recommendations	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)

Skin and body protection

Long sleeved clothing

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate

certified respirators

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and

maintained properly.

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are

exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced..

Recommended Filter type: Particulates filter conforming to EN 143.

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Particle filtering: EN149:2001

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted.

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

ACR38727

Revision Date 18-Mar-2014

Lead(II) sulfate

Environmental exposure controls

Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance White

Physical State Powder, Solid.

No information available Odor **Odor Threshold** No data available No information available. Нα

Melting Point/Range 1170°C / 2138°F **Softening Point** No data available **Boiling Point/Range** No information available.

Flash Point No information available. Method - No information available.

Evaporation Rate Not applicable Solid

Flammability (solid,gas) No information available.

No data available. **Explosion Limits**

Vapor Pressure No data available

Not applicable Solid **Vapor Density**

Specific Gravity / Density No data available **Bulk Density** No data available **Water Solubility** Slightly soluble

Solubility in other solvents No information available.

Partition Coefficient (n-

octanol/water)

Not applicable **Autoignition Temperature Decomposition temperature** No data available

Not applicable Solid Viscosity

No information available. **Explosive Properties Oxidizing Properties** No information available.

9.2. Other information

O4 Pb S Molecular Formula **Molecular Weight** 303.25

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity None known, based on information available.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products, Excess heat.

Lead(II) sulfate Revision Date 18-Mar-2014

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Sulfur oxides, lead oxides, lead.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

Oral Category 4 No data available Dermal Inhalation Category 4

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; No data available

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; No data available

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory No data available Skin No data available

No data available (e) germ cell mutagenicity;

(f) carcinogenicity; No data available

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

Component	EU	UK	Germany	IARC
Lead sulfate				Group 2A

(g) reproductive toxicity; Category 1A No data available (h) STOT-single exposure;

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Category 2

> No information available. **Target Organs**

(j) aspiration hazard; Not applicable

Solid

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated. See actual entry in RTECS for

complete information

Symptoms / effects, both acute and delayed No information available.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity effects Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the

environment. May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. Do not allow material to

Page 7/10

contaminate ground water system..

ACR38727

Revision Date 18-Mar-2014 Lead(II) sulfate

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.2. Persistence and degradability

The product includes heavy metals. Prevent release into the environment. Special

pretreatment required

Persistence Degradability May persist, based on information available. Not relevant for inorganic substances.

Degradation in sewage treatment plant

Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste

water treatment plants.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

May have some potential to bioaccumulate Product has a high potential to bioconcentrate

12.4. Mobility in soil

. Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water solubility.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

No data available for assessment

assessment

12.6. Other adverse effects **Endocrine Disruptor Information Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential**

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues / Unused

Products

Should not be released into the environment. Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in

accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging

Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point...

European Waste Catalogue (EWC)

According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Other Information

Do not dispose of waste into sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not empty into drains. Do not let this chemical

enter the environment.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

14.1. UN number

UN3077

14.2. UN proper shipping name 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s

14.4. Packing group

9 Ш

ADR

14.1. UN number

UN3077

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

9 Ш

14.4. Packing group

IATA

14.1. UN number

UN3077

14.2. UN proper shipping name 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s

14.4. Packing group

9 Ш

14.5. Environmental hazards

Dangerous for the environment

Product is a marine pollutant according to the criteria set by IMDG/IMO

ACR38727

Lead(II) sulfate

Revision Date 18-Mar-2014

14.6. Special precautions for user N

No special precautions required

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the

Not applicable, packaged goods

IBC Code

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories X = listed

Component	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	PICCS	ENCS	CHINA	AICS	KECL
Lead sulfate	231-198-9	-		S	X	-	Х	Х	Х	X	X

Component	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	,	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Lead sulfate		Use restricted. See item 17[a].	
		(see http://eur-	
		lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.d	
		o?uri=CELEX:32006R1907:EN:NOT	
		for restriction details)	

National Regulations

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)
Lead sulfate	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 1

Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

Take note of Dir 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work

Take note of Dir 92/85/EC on the protection of pregnant and breastfeeding women at work

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has not been conducted

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of R-phrases referred to under sections 2 and 3

R33 - Danger of cumulative effects

R61 - May cause harm to the unborn child

R62 - Possible risk of impaired fertility

R50/53 - Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment

R20/22 - Also harmful by inhalation and if swallowed

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H360Df - May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life

H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Legend

Lead(II) sulfate

Revision Date 18-Mar-2014

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Industrial Hygiene

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

Key literature references and sources for data

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Training Advice

Chemical incident response training.

Creation Date24-Nov-2010Revision Date18-Mar-2014Revision Summary3, 14.

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory **DSL/NDSL** - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%
POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water
vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate
VOC - Volatile Organic Compounds

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Disclaimer

The information provided on this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guide for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered as a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other material or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet
