(Contd. on page 2)

Revision: 28.11.2012 Printing date 02.07.2013 SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking 1.1 Product identifier **2-Pyridylzinc bromide, 0.5M in THF** H58544 Trade name Stock number 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against.

Identified use:

SU24 Scientific research and development 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Alfa Aesar GmbH & Co.KG A Johnson Matthey Company Zeppelinstr. 7b 76185 Karlsruhe / Germany Tel: +49 (0) 721 84007 280 Fax: +49 (0) 721 84007 300 Email: tech@alfa.com Manufacturer/Supplier: www.alfa.com www.arra.com Product safety Tel + +049 (0) 7275 988687-0 Carechem 24: +44 (o) 1235 239 670 (Multi-language emergency number) Poison Information Center Mainz www.giftinfo.uni-mainz.de Telephone: +49(0)6131/19240 Informing department: 1.4 Emergency telephone number: SECTION 2: Hazards identification 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 GHS02 flame Flam. Liq. 2 H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Water-react. 2 H261 In contact with water releases flammable gases. GHS08 health hazard Carc. 2 H351 Suspected of causing cancer. GHS05 corrosion Skin Corr. 1B H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. GHS07 STOT SE 3 H335 May cause respiratory irritation. Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC or Directive 1999/45/EC 🔁 C; Corrosive R34: Causes burns. Xi; Irritant R37: Irritating to respiratory system. 👸 F; Highly flammable R11-15: Highly flammable. Contact with water liberates extremely flammable gases. May form explosive peroxides. Information concerning particular hazards for human and environment: The product has to be labelled due to the calculation procedure of the "General Classification guideline for preparations of the EU" in the latest valid version. Other hazards that do not result in classification No information known. 2.2 Label elements Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 The product is classified and labelled according to the CLP regulation. GHS02, GHS05, GHS07, GHS08 Hazard pictograms Tetrahydrofuran
2-Pyridylzinc bromide
H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H261 In contact with water releases flammable gases.
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
P231+P232 Handle under inert gas. Protect from moisture.
P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Store locked up.
Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international Danger Signal word Hazard-determining components of labelling: **Hazard statements** Precautionary statements Additional information: 2.3 Other hazards Results of PBT and vPvB assessment PBT: vPvB: SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients 3.2 Mixtures Dangerous components: Xn R40; Xi R36/37; 6 F R11 R19 CAS: 109-99-9 EINECS: 203-726-8 87.4% Tetrahydrofuran ♦ Flam. Liq. 2, H225; ♦ Carc. 2, H351; ♦ Eye Irrit. 2, H319; STOT SE 3, H335
□ C R34; • F R15 CAS: 218777-23-2 2-Pyridylzinc bromide 12,6%

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Trade name 2-Pyridylzinc bromide, 0.5M in THF

(Contd. of page 1) Additional information None known

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General information

After inhalation

Instantly remove any clothing soiled by the product. Supply fresh air. If required, provide artificial respiration. Keep patient warm. Consult doctor if symptoms

persist.
Seek immediate medical advice. After skin contact

Instantly wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly. Seek immediate medical advice.

Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. Then consult doctor. Seek medical treatment.

After eye contact
After swallowing
4.2 Most important symptoms and effects,
both acute and delayed
4.3 Indication of any immediate medical
attention and special treatment needed

No further relevant information available No further relevant information available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

After eve contact

5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing agents For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing

agents 5.2 Special hazards arising from the

substance or mixture

5.3 Advice for firefighters Protective equipment:

In case of fire, use sand, carbon dioxide or powdered extinguishing agent. Never use water.

Water.

If this product is involved in a fire, the following can be released: Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide Hydrogen bromide (HBr) Metal oxide

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear full protective suit.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away. Ensure adequate ventilation Keep away from ignition sources

6.2 Environmental precautions:

Do not allow material to be released to the environment without proper governmental permits. Do not allow product to reach sewage system or water bodies. Do not allow to enter the ground/soil.

6.3 Methods and material for containment

and cleaning up:

Keep away from ignition sources.
Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust).
Use neutralizing agent.
Dispose of contaminated material as waste according to item 13.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Prevention of secondary hazards: 6.4 Reference to other sections

Do not flush with water or aqueous cleansing agents
Keep away from ignition sources.
See Section 7 for information on safe handling
See section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.
See Section 13 for information on disposal.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Handle under dry protective gas. Keep containers tightly sealed. Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

Open and handle container with care. Reacts violently with water

Information about protection against explosions and fires:

Protect against electrostatic charges.
Fumes can combine with air to form an explosive mixture.
Do not distill to dryness.

Explosive peroxides may form, handle container cautiously.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Requirements to be met by storerooms and

containers: Information about storage in one common

storage facility:

Refrigerate

Store away from air. Protect from heat. Store away from water. Store away from oxidizing agents.

Further information about storage

conditions:

Store under dry inert gas

This product is air sensitive.

Protect from humidity and keep away from water.

Avoid contact with air / oxygen (formation of peroxide).

Store in a locked cabinet or with access restricted to technical experts or their assistants.

Refrigerate
Check container pressure periodically to prevent explosive peroxides.

No further relevant information available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Additional information about design of

technical systems:

Properly operating chemical fume hood designed for hazardous chemicals and having an average face velocity of at least 100 feet per minute.

8.1 Control parameters

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Components with critical values that require monitoring at the workplace:

109-99-9 Tetrahydrofuran (87,4%)

AGW (Germany) 150 mg/m³, 50 ppm 2(I);DFG, EU, H, Y

PEL (USA) 590 mg/m³, 200 ppm (Contd. on page 3) Safety data sheet according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

Printing date 02.07.2013 Revision: 28.11.2012 Trade name 2-Pyridylzinc bromide, 0.5M in THF (Contd. of page 2) Short-term value: 735 mg/m³, 250 ppm Long-term value: 590 mg/m³, 200 ppm Short-term value: 295 mg/m³, 100 ppm Long-term value: 147 mg/m³, 50 ppm REL (USA) TLV (USA) Skin Ingredients with biological limit values: 109-99-9 Tetrahydrofuran (87,4%) BGW (Germany) 2 mg/l Tetrahydrofuran 2 mg/L urine end of shift Tetrahydrofuran BEI (USA) Additional information: No data 8.2 Exposure controls Personal protective equipment General protective and hygienic measures The usual precautionary measures should be adhered to in handling the chemicals. Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and food. Instantly remove any soiled and impregnated garments. Wash hands during breaks and at the end of the work. Do not inhale dust / smoke / mist. Do not inhale dust / smoke / mist. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin. Maintain an ergonomically appropriate working environment. Use breathing protection with high concentrations. Check protective gloves prior to each use for their proper condition. The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. Impervious gloves Not determined Tightly sealed safety glasses Breathing equipment: Protection of hands: Material of gloves Penetration time of glove material Tightly sealed safety glasses. Full face protection Eye protection: **Body protection:** Protective work clothing. SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties General Information Appearance: Form: Colour: Liquid Yellow to brown to black Smell: Odour threshold: Not determined Not determined pH-value: Not determined. Change in condition Melting point/Melting range: Boiling point/Boiling range: Sublimation temperature / start: Not determined Not determined Not determined Flash point: Inflammability (solid, gaseous) -17 °C Not determined. Ignition temperature: Decomposition temperature: Self-inflammability: 230 °C Not determined Product is not selfigniting. May form explosive peroxides. Do not distill to dryness. Danger of explosion: Critical values for explosion: Lower: Upper: Steam pressure at 20 °C: Density at 20 °C Relative density 1,5 Vol % 12,0 Vol % 200 hPa 0,974 g/cm³ Not determined. Vapour density Not determined. Evaporation rate Solubility in / Miscibility with Not determined. Water: Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): Contact with water releases flammable gases Not determined. Viscosity: dynamic: Not determined. Not determined. kínematic Solvent content: Organic solvents: 87,4 % Solids content: 12.6 % 9.2 Other information No further relevant information available SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity 10.1 Reactivity In contact with water releases flammable gases which may ignite spontaneously. May form explosive peroxides. 10.2 Chemical stability Thermal decomposition / conditions to be Stable under recommended storage conditions. avoided: 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions No decomposition if used and stored according to specifications. Reacts with strong oxidizing agents Contact with water releases flammable gases Forms peroxides 10.5 Incompatible materials: Air Oxidizing agents Heat Water/moisture Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

Hydrogen bromide Metal oxide

(Contd. on page 4)

Printing date 02.07.2013 Revision: 28.11.2012 Trade name 2-Pyridylzinc bromide, 0.5M in THF (Contd. of page 3) Additional information: This product may form a precipitate. SECTION 11: Toxicological information 11.1 Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity: Swallowing will lead to a strong caustic effect on mouth and throat and to the danger of perforation of esophagus and stomach. LD/LC50 values that are relevant for classification: 109-99-9 Tetrahydrofuran Oral LD50 1650 mg/kg (rat) Inhalative LC50/2H 72000 mg/m3/2H (rat) Skin irritation or corrosion: Eye irritation or corrosion: Causes severe skin burns. Causes serious eye damage. No sensitizing effect known. Sensitization: No effects known. ACGIH A3: Animal carcinogen: Agent is carcinogenic in experimental animals at a relatively high dose, by route(s) of administration, at site(s), of histologic type(s), or by mechanism(s) not considered relevant to worker exposure. Available epidemologic studies do not confirm an increased risk of cancer in exposed humans. Available evidence suggests that the agent is not likely to cause cancer in humans except under uncommon or unlikely routes or levels of exposure. Germ cell mutagenicity: Carcinogenicity: Reproductive toxicity: No effects known. Specific target organ system toxicity -repeated exposure: Specific target organ system toxicity - single No effects known. May cause respiratory irritation. exposure: Aspiration hazard: No effects known. To the best of our knowledge the acute and chronic toxicity of this substance is not fully known. The product shows the following dangers according to the calculation method of the General EC Classification Guidelines for Preparations as issued in the latest version: Additional toxicological information: Corrosive Irritant SECTION 12: Ecological information 12.1 Toxicity 12.1 TOXION Aquatic toxicity: 12.2 Persistence and degradability 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential No further relevant information available No further relevant information available. No further relevant information available 12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available. Additional écological information: Do not allow material to be released to the environment without proper governmental permits. Water hazard class 1 (Self-assessment): slightly hazardous for water. Do not allow undiluted product or large quantities of it to reach ground water, water bodies or sewage system. Avoid transfer into the environment. General notes: 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment PBT: Not applicable. Not applicable. No further relevant information available. vPvB: 12.6 Other adverse effects SECTION 13: Disposal considerations 13.1 Waste treatment methods Hand over to disposers of hazardous waste. Must be specially treated under adherence to official regulations. Consult state, local or national regulations for proper disposal. Recommendation Uncleaned packagings: Disposal must be made according to official regulations. Recommendation SECTION 14: Transport information **UN-Number** ADR, IMDG, IATA UN3399 14.2 UN proper shipping name 3399 ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, WATER-REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE (2-Pyridylzinc bromide, TETRAHYDROFURAN) ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, WATER-REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE (2-Pyridylzinc bromide, TETRAHYDROFURAN) ADR IMDG, IATA 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) ADR Class 4.3 (WF1) Substances which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases. Label IMDG, IATA Class 4.3 Substances which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases. 4.3+3Label Packing group ADR, IMDG, IATA Ш 14.5 Environmental hazards: Marine pollutant: No 14.6 Special precautions for user Warning: Substances which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases.

323 F-G,S-M

Not applicable

Kemler Number:

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC

EMS Number:

(Contd. on page 5)

Safety data sheet according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

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rade name 2-Pyridylzinc bromide, 0.5M in THF	
	(Contd. of page 4)
Transport/Additional information:	
ADR	
Excepted quantities (EQ):	E2
Limited quantities (LQ) Transport category	500 ml 0
Tunnel restriction code	D/E
UN "Model Regulation":	UN3399. ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, WATER-REACTIVE.
	UN3399, ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, WATER-REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE (2-Pyridylzinc bromide, TETRAHYDROFURAN), 4.3 (3), II
SECTION 15: Regulatory information	
15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture	
Australian Inventory of Chemical Substance	
109-99-9 Tetrahydrofuran	5
Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons	
None of the ingredients is listed.	ys and Poisons
National regulations	
Information about limitation of use:	For use only by technically qualified individuals.
Classification according to VbF:	Employment réstrictions concerning young persons must be observed. A l
Technical instructions (air):	Class Share in %
,	NK 87.4
Water hazard class:	Water hazard class 1 (Self-assessment): slightly hazardous for water.
Other regulations, limitations and prohibitive regulations ELINCS (European List of Notified Chemical Substances)	
None of the ingredients is listed.	
Substances of very high concern (SVHC) ac	cording to REACH Article 57
None of the ingredients are listed.	
REACH - Pre-registered substances	
109-99-9 Tetrahydrofuran	
15.2 Chemical safety assessment:	A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.
SECTION 16: Other information Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by them, and should make independent judgement of suitability of this information to ensure proper use and protect the health and safety of employees. This information is furnished without warranty, and any use of the product not in conformance with this Material Safety Data Sheet, or in combination with any other product or process, is the responsibility of the user.	
Relevant phrases	H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
	H260 In contact with water releases flammable gases which may ignite spontaneously. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
	H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
	H335 May cause respirátory irritation.
	H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
	R11 Highly flammable. R15 Contact with water liberates extremely flammable gases.
	R19 May form explosive peroxides.
	R34 Caúses burns.
	R36/37 Irritating to eyes and respiratory system. R40 Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect.
Department issuing data specification sheet	
Abbreviations and acronyms:	KID: Reglement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de ter (Regulations Concerning the international Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail)
	ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of
	Dangerous Goods by Road) IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
	IATA: International Air Transport Association GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chamicals
	t: Health, Safety and Environmental Department. RID: Réglement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail) ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road) IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods IATA: International Air Transport Association GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals VbF: Verordnung über brennbare Flüssigkeiten, Österreich (Ordinance on the storage of combustible liquids, Austria) LCSO: Lethal concentration. 50 percent
	LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

DE/E