

2-(TRIFLUOROMETHOXY)TEREPHTHALIC ACID

Page: 1

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Section 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name: 2-(TRIFLUOROMETHOXY)TEREPHTHALIC ACID

CAS number: 175278-21-4

Product code: PC7439TK

Synonyms: 2-(TRIFLUOROMETHOXY)BENZENE-1,4-DICARBOXYLIC ACID

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name: Apollo Scientific Ltd Units 3 & 4

	011113 5 & 4
	Parkway
	Denton
	Manchester
	M34 3SG
	UK
Tel:	0161 337 9971
Fax:	0161 336 6932
Email:	david.tideswell@apolloscientific.co.uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Section 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification under CHIP: C: R34

Classification under CLP: Skin Corr. 1B: H314

Most important adverse effects: Causes burns.

2.2. Label elements

Label elements under CLP:

Hazard statements: H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Signal words: Danger

Hazard pictograms: GHS05: Corrosion



Precautionary statements: P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P309+311: IF exposed or if you feel unwell: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

	2-(TRIFLUOROMETHOXY)TEREPHTHALIC ACID		
		Page:	2
Label elements under CHIP:			ļ
Hazard symbols:	Corrosive.		ļ
Risk phrases:	R34: Causes burns.		ļ
Safety phrases:	S22: Do not breathe dust.		!
	S36/37/39: Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye / face protection.		!
	S45: In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show		!
	the label where possible).		!
2.3. Other hazards			
PBT:	This substance is not identified as a PBT substance.		ļ
Section 3: Composition/inform	ation on ingredients		
3.1. Substances			
	2-(TRIFLUOROMETHOXY)TEREPHTHALIC ACID		
Section 4: First aid measures			
4.1. Description of first aid mea	asures		
Skin contact:	Remove all contaminated clothes and footwear immediately unless stuck to skin.		
	Drench the affected skin with running water for 10 minutes or longer if substance is still		!
	on skin. Transfer to hospital if there are burns or symptoms of poisoning.		ļ
Eye contact:	Bathe the eye with running water for 15 minutes. Transfer to hospital for specialist		!
	examination.		ļ
Ingestion:	Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Give 1 cup of water to drink every 10		ļ
	minutes. If unconscious, check for breathing and apply artificial respiration if necessary.		
	If unconscious and breathing is OK, place in the recovery position. Transfer to hospital		
	as soon as possible.		
Inhalation:	Remove casualty from exposure ensuring one's own safety whilst doing so. If		
	unconscious and breathing is OK, place in the recovery position. If conscious, ensure		
	the casualty sits or lies down. If breathing becomes bubbly, have the casualty sit and		
	provide oxygen if available. Transfer to hospital as soon as possible.		
4.2. Most important symptoms	and effects, both acute and delayed		
Skin contact:	Blistering may occur. Progressive ulceration will occur if treatment is not immediate.		
Eye contact:	Corneal burns may occur. May cause permanent damage.		
Ingestion:	Corrosive burns may appear around the lips. Blood may be vomited. There may be		
	bleeding from the mouth or nose.		
			,

Inhalation: There may be shortness of breath with a burning sensation in the throat. Exposure may cause coughing or wheezing.

2-(TRIFLUOROMETHOXY)TEREPHTHALIC ACID

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder, foam. Suitable extinguishing media for the surrounding fire should be used. Use water spray to cool containers.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Exposure hazards: Corrosive. In combustion emits toxic fumes of carbon dioxide / carbon monoxide. Hydrogen fluoride (HF).

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Advice for fire-fighters: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear protective clothing to prevent contact with skin and eyes.

Section 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions: Notify the police and fire brigade immediately. If outside keep bystanders upwind and away from danger point. Mark out the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorised personnel. Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective clothing - see section 8 of SDS. Do not create dust.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions: Do not discharge into drains or rivers.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean-up procedures: Clean-up should be dealt with only by qualified personnel familiar with the specific substance. Transfer to a closable, labelled salvage container for disposal by an appropriate method.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Section 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Handling requirements: Avoid direct contact with the substance. Ensure there is sufficient ventilation of the area. Do not handle in a confined space. Avoid the formation or spread of dust in the air. Only use in fume hood.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions: Store in cool, well ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed.

Suitable packaging: Must only be kept in original packaging.

2-(TRIFLUOROMETHOXY)TEREPHTHALIC ACID

Page: 4

7.3. Specific end use(s) Specific end use(s): No data available. Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection 8.1. Control parameters Workplace exposure limits: No data available. 8.2. Exposure controls Engineering measures: Ensure there is sufficient ventilation of the area. Respiratory protection: Self-contained breathing apparatus must be available in case of emergency. Respiratory protective device with particle filter. Hand protection: Protective gloves. Eye protection: Tightly fitting safety goggles. Ensure eye bath is to hand. Skin protection: Protective clothing. Section 9: Physical and chemical properties 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties State: Solid Oxidising: Non-oxidising (by EC criteria) Melting point/range °C: 270-272

9.2. Other information

Other information: No data available.

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity: Stable under recommended transport or storage conditions.

10.2. Chemical stability

Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal transport or storage conditions.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid: Heat.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid: Strong oxidising agents. Strong acids.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Haz. decomp. products: In combustion emits toxic fumes of carbon dioxide / carbon monoxide. Hydrogen fluoride

(HF).

2-(TRIFLUOROMETHOXY)TEREPHTHALIC ACID

Page: 5

Section 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Relevant hazards for substance:

Hazard	Route	Basis
Skin corrosion/irritation	DRM	Based on test data
Serious eye damage/irritation	OPT	Based on test data

Symptoms / routes of exposure

Skin contact: Blistering may occur. Progressive ulceration will occur if treatment is not immediate.

Eye contact: Corneal burns may occur. May cause permanent damage.

Ingestion: Corrosive burns may appear around the lips. Blood may be vomited. There may be bleeding from the mouth or nose.

Inhalation: There may be shortness of breath with a burning sensation in the throat. Exposure may cause coughing or wheezing.

Section 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity values: No data available.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability: No data available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential: No data available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility: No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT identification: This substance is not identified as a PBT substance.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects: No data available.

Section 13: Disposal considerations

13.1.	waste	treat	ment	metho	ds

Disposal operations:	MATERIAL SHOULD BE DISPOSED OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL, STATE AND
	FEDERAL REGULATIONS
Disposal of packaging:	Dispose of as special waste in compliance with local and national regulations Observe
	all federal, state and local environmental regulations.
NB:	The user's attention is drawn to the possible existence of regional or national

regulations regarding disposal.

2-(TRIFLUOROMETHOXY)TEREPHTHALIC ACID

Page: 6 Section 14: Transport information 14.1. UN number UN number: UN3261 14.2. UN proper shipping name Shipping name: CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) Transport class: 8 14.4. Packing group Packing group: III 14.5. Environmental hazards Environmentally hazardous: No Marine pollutant: No 14.6. Special precautions for user Tunnel code: E Transport category: 3 Section 15: Regulatory information 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture 15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment Chemical safety assessment: A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for the substance or the mixture by the supplier. Section 16: Other information Other information Other information: This safety data sheet is prepared in accordance with Commission Regulation (EU) No 453/2010. * Data predicted using computational software. Toxtree - Toxic Hazard Estimation by decision tree approach. http://ecb.jrc.ec.europa.eu/qsar/qsar-tools/index.php? c=TOXTREE ~ Data predicted using computatioanl software ACD/ToxSuite v 2.95.1 Copyright 1994-2009 ACD/labs, Copyright 2001-2009 Pharma Algorithms, Inc, Advanced Chemistry Development, Inc (ACD/Labs). http://www.acdlabs.com/products/pc_admet/tox/tox/ Phrases used in s.2 and 3: H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. R34: Causes burns. Legal disclaimer: The material is intended for research purposes only and should be handled exclusively by those who have been fully trained in safety, laboratory and chemical handling

procedures. The above information is believed to be correct to the best of our

2-(TRIFLUOROMETHOXY)TEREPHTHALIC ACID

Page: 7

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