

SAFETY DATA SHEET
HEXAFLUOROBUTA-1,3-DIENE

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Compilation date: 20/06/05
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Revision No: 3

Section 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name: HEXAFLUOROBUTA-1,3-DIENE

CAS number: 685-63-2

Product code: PC4650

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name: Apollo Scientific Ltd

Units 3 & 4

Parkway

Denton

Manchester

M34 3SG

UK

Tel: 0161 337 9971

Fax: 0161 336 6932

Email: david.tideswell@apolloscientific.co.uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Section 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification under CLP: STOT SE 3: H335; Acute Tox. 3: H331; Acute Tox. 4: H302+312; Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Flam.

Gas 1: H220; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT RE 1: H372; Press. Gas: H280

Most important adverse effects: Extremely flammable gas. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Toxic if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. Causes damage to organs nervous system, kidneys, respiratory system through prolonged or repeated exposure.

2.2. Label elements

Label elements:

Hazard statements: H220: Extremely flammable gas.

H280: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H302+312: Harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

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H331: Toxic if inhaled.

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

H372: Causes damage to organs nervous system,kidneys,respiratory system through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Signal words: Danger

Hazard pictograms: GHS02: Flame

GHS06: Skull and crossbones

GHS08: Health hazard

GHS04: Gas cylinder

GHS07: Exclamation mark



Precautionary statements: P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P260: Do not breathe gas.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P301+312: IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER if you feel unwell.

P302+352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water/.

P361+364: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P202: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P231: Handle under inert gas.

P233: Keep container tightly closed.

P234: Keep only in original container.

P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P304+340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P405: Store locked up.

P410+412: Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C.

2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards: In use, may form flammable / explosive vapour-air mixture. Risk of explosion by shock, friction, fire or other sources of ignition. May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation

PBT: This product is not identified as a PBT/vPvB substance.

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Chemical identity: HEXAFLUOROBUTA-1,3-DIENE

CAS number: 685-63-2

[cont...]

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Section 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

- Skin contact:** Remove all contaminated clothes and footwear immediately unless stuck to skin. Drench the affected skin with running water for 10 minutes or longer if substance is still on skin. Transfer to hospital if there are burns or symptoms of poisoning.
- Eye contact:** Bathe the eye with running water for 15 minutes. Transfer to hospital for specialist examination.
- Ingestion:** Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. If conscious, give half a litre of water to drink immediately. If unconscious, check for breathing and apply artificial respiration if necessary. If unconscious and breathing is OK, place in the recovery position. Transfer to hospital as soon as possible.
- Inhalation:** Remove casualty from exposure ensuring one's own safety whilst doing so. If conscious, ensure the casualty sits or lies down. If unconscious and breathing is OK, place in the recovery position. If unconscious, check for breathing and apply artificial respiration if necessary. If breathing becomes bubbly, have the casualty sit and provide oxygen if available. Transfer to hospital as soon as possible.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- Skin contact:** There may be redness or whiteness of the skin in the area of exposure. Irritation or pain may occur at the site of contact. Absorption through the skin may be fatal.
- Eye contact:** There may be severe pain. The eyes may water profusely.
- Ingestion:** There may be soreness and redness of the mouth and throat. There may be vomiting. Convulsions may occur. There may be loss of consciousness.
- Inhalation:** There may be shortness of breath with a burning sensation in the throat. Absorption through the lungs can occur causing symptoms similar to those of ingestion. Convulsions may occur. There may be loss of consciousness.
- Delayed / immediate effects:** Immediate effects can be expected after short-term exposure.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Immediate / special treatment:** Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

- Extinguishing media:** Carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder, foam. Suitable extinguishing media for the surrounding fire should be used.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Exposure hazards:** Highly flammable. Toxic. Vapour may travel considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back. In combustion emits toxic fumes of carbon dioxide / carbon monoxide. Hydrogen fluoride (HF).

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5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Advice for fire-fighters: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear protective clothing to prevent contact with skin and eyes.

Section 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions: Notify the police and fire brigade immediately. Eliminate all sources of ignition. If outside do not approach from downwind. If outside keep bystanders upwind and away from danger point. Mark out the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorised personnel. Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective clothing - see section 8 of SDS. Turn leaking containers leak-side up to prevent the escape of liquid.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions: Do not discharge into drains or rivers. Contain the spillage using bunding.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean-up procedures: Clean-up should be dealt with only by qualified personnel familiar with the specific substance. Absorb into dry earth or sand. Transfer to a closable, labelled salvage container for disposal by an appropriate method. Do not use equipment in clean-up procedure which may produce sparks.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections: Refer to section 8 of SDS.

Section 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Handling requirements: Avoid direct contact with the substance. Ensure there is exhaust ventilation of the area. Avoid the formation or spread of mists in the air. Smoking is forbidden. Use non-sparking tools. Only use in fume hood. Blanket apparatus with inert gas. Handle under dry protective gas (Ar).

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions: Store in tightly closed, airtight, moisture-proof cylinders in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from heat, sources of ignition and sparks. Protect the pressurised containers from physical damage. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from sources of ignition. Prevent the build up of electrostatic charge in the immediate area. Ensure lighting and electrical equipment are not a source of ignition. Air sensitive. Store under Argon. Keep at temperatures below 50 °C. May explosively decompose on heating, shock, friction, etc.

Suitable packaging: Must only be kept in original packaging.

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7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s): No data available.

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Workplace exposure limits: No data available.

DNEL/PNEC Values

DNEL / PNEC No data available.

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering measures: Ensure there is exhaust ventilation of the area. Ensure lighting and electrical equipment are not a source of ignition.

Respiratory protection: Self-contained breathing apparatus must be available in case of emergency.

Hand protection: Impermeable gloves.

Eye protection: Safety glasses with side-shields. Ensure eye bath is to hand.

Skin protection: Impermeable protective clothing.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

State: Gas

Colour: Colourless

Evaporation rate: No data available.

Oxidising: No data available.

Solubility in water: No data available.

Viscosity: No data available.

Boiling point/range °C: 6-7

Melting point/range °C: -132

Flammability limits %: lower: No data available.

upper: No data available.

Flash point °C: No data available.

Part.coeff. n-octanol/water: No data available.

Autoflammability °C: No data available.

Vapour pressure: 25 psia@20 C

Relative density: 1.553

pH: No data available.

VOC g/l: No data available.

9.2. Other information

Other information: Critical temperature: 138 °C.

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity: Stable under recommended transport or storage conditions.

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10.2. Chemical stability

Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions. Stable at room temperature.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions: Peroxide former: has the tendency to slowly react with oxygen, such as from being exposed to air, to form unstable organic peroxides.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid: Heat. Hot surfaces. Sources of ignition. Flames. Air.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid: Strong oxidising agents. Oxidising agents. Strong acids. Oxygen. Sulfur trioxide Metal oxides Halogen compounds.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Haz. decomp. products: In combustion emits toxic fumes of carbon dioxide / carbon monoxide. Hydrogen fluoride (HF).

Section 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Relevant hazards for product:

Hazard	Route	Basis
Acute toxicity (ac. tox. 4)	DRM ING	Hazardous: calculated
Acute toxicity (ac. tox. 3)	INH	Hazardous: calculated
Skin corrosion/irritation	DRM	Hazardous: calculated
Serious eye damage/irritation	OPT	Hazardous: calculated
STOT-single exposure	INH	Hazardous: calculated
STOT-repeated exposure	-	Hazardous: calculated

Symptoms / routes of exposure

Skin contact: There may be redness or whiteness of the skin in the area of exposure. Irritation or pain may occur at the site of contact. Absorption through the skin may be fatal.

Eye contact: There may be severe pain. The eyes may water profusely.

Ingestion: There may be soreness and redness of the mouth and throat. There may be vomiting. Convulsions may occur. There may be loss of consciousness.

Inhalation: There may be shortness of breath with a burning sensation in the throat. Absorption through the lungs can occur causing symptoms similar to those of ingestion. Convulsions may occur. There may be loss of consciousness.

Delayed / immediate effects: Immediate effects can be expected after short-term exposure.

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Section 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity values: No data available.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability: No data available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential: No data available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility: No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT identification: This product is not identified as a PBT/vPvB substance.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects: No data available.

Section 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal operations: MATERIAL SHOULD BE DISPOSED OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS

Disposal of packaging: Dispose of as special waste in compliance with local and national regulations Observe all federal, state and local environmental regulations.

NB: The user's attention is drawn to the possible existence of regional or national regulations regarding disposal.

Section 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

UN number: UN3160

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Shipping name: LIQUEFIED GAS, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Transport class: 2 (2.1)

14.4. Packing group

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous: No

Marine pollutant: No

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14.6. Special precautions for user

Special precautions: No special precautions.

Tunnel code: B/D

Transport category: 1

Section 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Specific regulations: Not applicable.

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessment: A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for the substance or the mixture by the supplier.

Section 16: Other information

Other information

Other information: This safety data sheet is prepared in accordance with Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830.

* Data predicted using computational software. The OECD QSAR-Toolbox for grouping chemicals into categories. Developed by LMC bulgaria.

<http://echa.europa.eu/support/oecd-qsar-toolbox>

~ Data predicted using computational software ACD/ToxSuite v 2.95.1 Copyright 1994-2009 ACD/labs, Copyright 2001-2009 Pharma Algorithms, Inc, Advanced Chemistry Development, Inc (ACD/Labs). http://www.acdlabs.com/products/pc_admet/tox/tox/

Phrases used in s.2 and s.3: H220: Extremely flammable gas.

H280: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H302+312: Harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

H331: Toxic if inhaled.

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

H372: Causes damage to organs <or state all organs affected, if known> through prolonged or repeated exposure <state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard>.

Legal disclaimer: The material is intended for research purposes only and should be handled exclusively by those who have been fully trained in safety, laboratory and chemical handling procedures. The above information is believed to be correct to the best of our knowledge. The above information is believed to be correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of its publication, but should not be considered to be all inclusive. It should be used only as a guide for safe handling, storage, transportation and disposal. We cannot guarantee that the hazards detailed in this document are the only hazards that

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