

## 2-CHLOROETHYL PHENYL SULPHONE

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# Section 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name: 2-CHLOROETHYL PHENYL SULPHONE

CAS number: 938-09-0 EINECS number: 213-337-5 Product code: OR1291

Synonyms: [(2-CHLOROETHYL)SULPHONYL]BENZENE

1-CHLORO-2-PHENYLSULPHONYL ETHANE

## 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name: Apollo Scientific Ltd

Units 3 & 4
Parkway
Denton
Manchester
M34 3SG
UK

**Tel:** 0161 337 9971 **Fax:** 0161 336 6932

Email: david.tideswell@apolloscientific.co.uk

# 1.4. Emergency telephone number

# Section 2: Hazards identification

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification under CLP: Skin Corr. 1A: H314

Classification under CHIP: C: R34

Most important adverse effects: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

## 2.2. Label elements

Label elements:

Hazard statements: H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Signal words: Danger

Hazard pictograms: GHS05: Corrosion



[cont...]

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Precautionary statements: P260: Do not breathe dust.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P310: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/.

## 2.3. Other hazards

PBT: This product is not identified as a PBT/vPvB substance.

## Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.1. Substances

Chemical identity: 2-CHLOROETHYL PHENYL SULPHONE

**CAS number:** 938-09-0 **EINECS number:** 213-337-5

#### Section 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Skin contact: Remove all contaminated clothes and footwear immediately unless stuck to skin.

Drench the affected skin with running water for 10 minutes or longer if substance is still

on skin. Transfer to hospital if there are burns or symptoms of poisoning.

Eye contact: Bathe the eye with running water for 15 minutes. Transfer to hospital for specialist

examination.

Ingestion: Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Give 1 cup of water to drink every 10

minutes. If unconscious, check for breathing and apply artificial respiration if necessary. If unconscious and breathing is OK, place in the recovery position. Transfer to hospital

as soon as possible.

Inhalation: Remove casualty from exposure ensuring one's own safety whilst doing so. If

unconscious and breathing is OK, place in the recovery position. If conscious, ensure the casualty sits or lies down. If breathing becomes bubbly, have the casualty sit and

provide oxygen if available. Transfer to hospital as soon as possible.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Skin contact: Blistering may occur. Progressive ulceration will occur if treatment is not immediate.

Eye contact: Corneal burns may occur. May cause permanent damage.

Ingestion: Corrosive burns may appear around the lips. Blood may be vomited. There may be

bleeding from the mouth or nose.

Inhalation: There may be shortness of breath with a burning sensation in the throat. Exposure may

cause coughing or wheezing.

## 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

# Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

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## 5.1. Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder, foam. Suitable extinguishing media for the

surrounding fire should be used. Use water spray to cool containers.

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Exposure hazards: Corrosive. In combustion emits toxic fumes of carbon dioxide / carbon monoxide.

Sulphur oxides (SOx). Hydrogen chloride (HCl).

## 5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Advice for fire-fighters: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear protective clothing to prevent contact

with skin and eyes.

## Section 6: Accidental release measures

# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions: Notify the police and fire brigade immediately. If outside keep bystanders upwind and

away from danger point. Mark out the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorised personnel. Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective

clothing - see section 8 of SDS. Do not create dust.

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions: Do not discharge into drains or rivers.

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean-up procedures: Clean-up should be dealt with only by qualified personnel familiar with the specific

substance. Transfer to a closable, labelled salvage container for disposal by an

appropriate method.

## 6.4. Reference to other sections

## Section 7: Handling and storage

# 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Handling requirements: Avoid direct contact with the substance. Ensure there is sufficient ventilation of the area.

Do not handle in a confined space. Avoid the formation or spread of dust in the air. Only

use in fume hood.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions: Store in a cool, well ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed.

Suitable packaging: Must only be kept in original packaging.

# 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s): No data available.

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## Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Workplace exposure limits: No data available.

## **DNEL/PNEC Values**

DNEL / PNEC No data available.

## 8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering measures: Ensure there is sufficient ventilation of the area.

Respiratory protection: Self-contained breathing apparatus must be available in case of emergency. Respiratory

protective device with particle filter.

Hand protection: Protective gloves.

**Eye protection:** Tightly fitting safety goggles. Ensure eye bath is to hand.

Skin protection: Protective clothing.

# Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

State: Solid

Colour: White to cream

Boiling point/range°C: 168-174

#### 9.2. Other information

Other information: No data available.

# Section 10: Stability and reactivity

## 10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity: Stable under recommended transport or storage conditions.

# 10.2. Chemical stability

Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.

# 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal transport or storage conditions.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid: Heat.

## 10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid: Strong oxidising agents. Strong acids.

# 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Haz. decomp. products: In combustion emits toxic fumes of carbon dioxide / carbon monoxide. Sulphur oxides

(SOx) Hydrogen chloride (HCI).

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## **Section 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

#### Relevant hazards for substance:

Hazard	Route	Basis
Skin corrosion/irritation	DRM	Based on test data
Serious eye damage/irritation	OPT	Based on test data

## Symptoms / routes of exposure

Skin contact: Blistering may occur. Progressive ulceration will occur if treatment is not immediate.

Eye contact: Corneal burns may occur. May cause permanent damage.

Ingestion: Corrosive burns may appear around the lips. Blood may be vomited. There may be

bleeding from the mouth or nose.

Inhalation: There may be shortness of breath with a burning sensation in the throat. Exposure may

cause coughing or wheezing.

# Section 12: Ecological information

## 12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity values: No data available.

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability: No data available.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential: No data available.

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility: No data available.

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT identification: This product is not identified as a PBT/vPvB substance.

## 12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects: No data available.

# Section 13: Disposal considerations

# 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal operations: Transfer to a suitable container and arrange for collection by specialised disposal

company. MATERIAL SHOULD BE DISPOSED OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL,

STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS

Disposal of packaging: Dispose of as special waste in compliance with local and national regulations Observe

all federal, state and local environmental regulations.

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**NB:** The user's attention is drawn to the possible existence of regional or national regulations regarding disposal.

## **Section 14: Transport information**

Transport class: This product does not require a classification for transport.

## Section 15: Regulatory information

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### 15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessment: A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for the substance or the mixture

by the supplier.

#### Section 16: Other information

#### Other information

Other information: This safety data sheet is prepared in accordance with Commission Regulation (EU) No 453/2010.

\* Data predicted using computational software. Toxtree - Toxic Hazard Estimation by decision tree approach. http://ecb.jrc.ec.europa.eu/qsar/qsar-tools/index.php?

c=TOXTREE

~ Data predicted using computational software ACD/ToxSuite v 2.95.1 Copyright 1994-2009 ACD/labs, Copyright 2001-2009 Pharma Algorithms, Inc, Advanced Chemistry Development, Inc (ACD/Labs). http://www.acdlabs.com/products/pc\_admet/tox/tox/

Phrases used in s.2 and s.3: H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

R34: Causes burns.

Legend to abbreviations: PNEC = predicted no effect level

DNEL = derived no effect level

LD50 = median lethal dose

LC50 = median lethal concentration

EC50 = median effective concentration

IC50 = median inhibitory concentration

dw = dry weight

bw = body weight

cc = closed cup

oc = open cup

MUS = mouse

GPG = guinea pig

RBT = rabbit

HAM = hamster

HMN = human

## 2-CHLOROETHYL PHENYL SULPHONE

MAM = mammal

PGN = pigeon

IVN = intravenous

SCU = subcutaneous

SKN = skin

DRM = dermal

OCC = ocular/corneal

PCP = phycico-chemical properties

Legal disclaimer: The material is intended for research purposes only and should be handled exclusively by those who have been fully trained in safety, laboratory and chemical handling procedures. The above information is believed to be correct to the best of our knowledge. The above information is believed to be correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of its publication, but should not be considered to be all inclusive. It should be used only as a guide for safe handling, storage, transportation and disposal. We cannot guarantee that the hazards detailed in this document are the only hazards that exist for this product. This is not a warranty and Apollo Scientific Ltd shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.

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