# SIGMA-ALDRICH

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

Version 3.12 Revision Date 10/05/2016 Print Date 10/19/2018

#### 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION 1.1 **Product identifiers** Product name Cobalt(III) fluoride : Product Number 236136 Brand Aldrich CAS-No. 10026-18-3 : 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Identified uses : Laboratory chemicals, Synthesis of substances Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet 1.3

Company	:	Sigma-Aldrich 3050 Spruce Street SAINT LOUIS MO 63103 USA
Telephone Fax	:	+1 800-325-5832 +1 800-325-5052

## 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency Phone # : +1-703-527-3887 (CHEMTREC)

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS) Skin corrosion (Category 1B), H314 Serious eye damage (Category 1), H318 Carcinogenicity (Category 2), H351

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

## 2.2 GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram



Signal word	Danger
Hazard statement(s) H314 H318 H351	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of causing cancer.
Precautionary statement(s)	
P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260	Do not breathe dust or mist.
P264	Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P280	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

P281 P301 + P330 + P331 P303 + P361 + P353	Use personal protective equipment as required. IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.
P304 + P340 + P310	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.
P305 + P351 + P338 + P310	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P308 + P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
P405	Store locked up.
P501	Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

#### 2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS Weak hydrogen fluoride-releaser

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

## 3.1 Substances

Synonyms	: Cobaltic fluoride		
Cynonyms			
Formula	: CoF <sub>3</sub>		
Molecular weight	: 115.93 g/mol		
CAS-No.	: 10026-18-3		
EC-No.	: 233-062-4		
Hazardous componer	nts		
Component		Classification	Concentration
Cobalt trifluoride			
		Skin Corr. 1B; Eye Dam. 1;	<= 100 %
		Carc. 2; H314, H351	
For the full text of the H	I-Statements mentioned in th	is Section, see Section 16.	

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

#### General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Move out of dangerous area. Hydrofluoric (HF) acid burns require immediate and specialized first aid and medical treatment. Symptoms may be delayed up to 24 hours depending on the concentration of HF. After decontamination with water, further damage can occur due to penetration/absorption of the fluoride ion. Treatment should be directed toward binding the fluoride ion as well as the effects of exposure. Skin exposures can be treated with a 2.5% calcium gluconate gel repeated until burning ceases. More serious skin exposures may require subcutaneous calcium gluconate except for digital areas unless the physician is experienced in this technique, due to the potential for tissue injury from increased pressure. Absorption can readily occur through the subungual areas and should be considered when undergoing decontamination. Prevention of absorption of the fluoride ion in cases of ingestion can be obtained by giving milk, chewable calcium carbonate tablets or Milk of Magnesia to conscious victims. Conditions such as hypocalcemia, hypomagnesemia and cardiac arrhythmias should be monitored for, since they can occur after exposure.

#### If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

#### In case of skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.First treatment with calcium gluconate paste.

#### In case of eye contact

Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician. Continue rinsing eyes during transport to hospital.

## If swallowed

Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

#### **4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed** No data available

## **5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

#### **Suitable extinguishing media** Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

- 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture No data available
- **5.3** Advice for firefighters Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.
- 5.4 Further information No data available

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

- 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Use personal protective equipment. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid breathing dust. For personal protection see section 8.
- 6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains.

- 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Pick up and arrange disposal without creating dust. Sweep up and shovel. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.
- 6.4 Reference to other sections For disposal see section 13.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Further processing of solid materials may result in the formation of combustible dusts. The potential for combustible dust formation should be taken into consideration before additional processing occurs. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols.

Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. For precautions see section 2.2.

**7.2** Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

Handle under inert gas. Protect from moisture. Moisture sensitive. Keep in a dry place.

## 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Components with workplace control parameters

Component	CAS-No.	Value	Control parameters	Basis
Cobalt trifluoride	10026-18-3	TWA	2.500000 mg/m3	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants
	Remarks	CAS numbe	er varies with comp	bound
		TWA	2.500000 mg/m3	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-2
		Z37.28-1969	)	
		TWA	2.500000 mg/m3	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
		Bone damag	je	
		(see BEI® s		a Biological Exposure Index or Indices rcinogen
		TWA	2.500000 mg/m3	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
		(see BEI® se Not classifia varies	for which there is a ection) ble as a human ca	
		TWA Pulmonary f	0.020000 mg/m3	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
		(see BEI® s	for which there is a ection)	a Biological Exposure Index or Indices with unknown relevance to humans USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air
		CAS numbe	l er varies with comp	Contaminants
				USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
		(see BEI® s	for which there is a	a Biological Exposure Index or Indices rcinogen
		TWA	0.02 mg/m3	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
		(see BEI® s	effects for which there is a ection)	a Biological Exposure Index or Indices with unknown relevance to humans
		PEL	2.5 mg/m3	California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)

Component	CAS-No.	Parameters	Value	Biological specimen	Basis
Cobalt trifluoride	10026-18-3	Fluoride	3.0000 mg/g	Urine	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
	Remarks	Prior to shift (1	16 hours afte	r exposure ceases)	
		Fluoride	10.0000 mg/g	Urine	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
		End of shift (A	s soon as po	ssible after exposure	e ceases)
		Fluoride	3.0000 mg/g	Urine	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
		Prior to shift (1		r exposure ceases)	
		Fluoride	10.0000 mg/g	Urine	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
		End of shift (A	s soon as po	ssible after exposure	e ceases)
		Fluoride	2 mg/l	Urine	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
		Prior to shift (1	6 hours afte	r exposure ceases)	
		Fluoride	3 mg/l	Urine	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
		End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)			e ceases)
		Cobalt	15 µg/l	Urine	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
		End of shift at end of workweek			
		Cobalt		Urine	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
		End of shift at	end of work	week	

## 8.2 Exposure controls

## Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

## Personal protective equipment

#### Eye/face protection

Face shield and safety glasses Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

#### **Skin protection**

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

Full contact Material: Nitrile rubber Minimum layer thickness: 0.11 mm Break through time: 480 min Material tested:Dermatril® (KCL 740 / Aldrich Z677272, Size M)

Splash contact Material: Nitrile rubber Minimum layer thickness: 0.11 mm Break through time: 480 min Material tested:Dermatril® (KCL 740 / Aldrich Z677272, Size M) data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail sales@kcl.de, test method: EN374

If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the CE approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.

#### **Body Protection**

Complete suit protecting against chemicals, The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

## **Respiratory protection**

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face particle respirator type N100 (US) or type P3 (EN 143) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

°F)

## Control of environmental exposure

Do not let product enter drains.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

a)	Appearance	Form: powder Colour: light brown
b)	Odour	No data available
c)	Odour Threshold	No data available
d)	рН	No data available
e)	Melting point/freezing point	No data available
f)	Initial boiling point and boiling range	No data available
g)	Flash point	Not applicable
h)	Evaporation rate	No data available
i)	Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
j)	Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	No data available
k)	Vapour pressure	No data available
I)	Vapour density	No data available
m)	Relative density	3.88 g/cm3 at 25 °C (77
n)	Water solubility	No data available
o)	Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	No data available
p)	Auto-ignition temperature	No data available
q)	Decomposition temperature	No data available
r)	Viscosity	No data available
	VISCOSILY	
s)	Explosive properties	No data available
s) t)	•	

## 9.2 Other safety information

No data available

## **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

## 10.1 Reactivity

No data available

- **10.2 Chemical stability** Stable under recommended storage conditions.
- **10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** No data available
- **10.4 Conditions to avoid** Avoid moisture.
- **10.5** Incompatible materials Reducing agents, Organic materials
- Hazardous decomposition products
   Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. Hydrogen fluoride, Cobalt/cobalt oxides
   Other decomposition products No data available
   In the event of fire: see section 5

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity No data available

Inhalation: No data available

Dermal: No data available

No data available

#### Skin corrosion/irritation No data available

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation No data available

#### **Respiratory or skin sensitisation** No data available

#### Germ cell mutagenicity No data available

#### Carcinogenicity

IARC:	2B - Group 2B:	Possibly carcinogenic to	humans (Cobalt trifluoride)

- 3 Group 3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans (Cobalt trifluoride)
- NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.
- OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

## **Reproductive toxicity**

No data available

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure No data available

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure No data available

## Aspiration hazard

No data available

## **Additional Information**

RTECS: Not available

Fluoride ion can reduce serum calcium levels possibly causing fatal hypocalcemia.

Cough, Shortness of breath, Headache, Nausea, Vomiting To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

## **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## 12.1 Toxicity

No data available

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability No data available

**12.3 Bioaccumulative potential** No data available

## **12.4 Mobility in soil** No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted

## 12.6 Other adverse effects

No data available

## **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

## 13.1 Waste treatment methods

## Product

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material. Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber.

## Contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### DOT (US)

UN number: 3260 Class: 8 Packing group: II Proper shipping name: Corrosive solid, acidic, inorganic, n.o.s. (Cobalt trifluoride) Reportable Quantity (RQ):

Poison Inhalation Hazard: No

## IMDG

UN number: 3260 Class: 8 Packing group: II EMS-No: F-A, S-B Proper shipping name: CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (Cobalt trifluoride)

## IATA

UN number: 3260 Class: 8 Packing group: II Proper shipping name: Corrosive solid, acidic, inorganic, n.o.s. (Cobalt trifluoride)

## **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

## SARA 302 Components

No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

## SARA 313 Components

Aldrich - 236136

The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313:

Cobalt trifluoride	CAS-No. 10026-18-3	Revision Date 2007-07-01
SARA 311/312 Hazards Acute Health Hazard. Chronic Health Hazard		

## Massachusetts Right To Know Components

No components are subject to the Massachusetts Right to Know Act.

## Pennsylvania Right To Know Components

Cobalt trifluoride	CAS-No. 10026-18-3	Revision Date 2007-07-01
New Jersey Right To Know Components		
	CAS-No.	Revision Date
Cobalt trifluoride	10026-18-3	2007-07-01

## California Prop. 65 Components

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

## **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

## Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

Carc.	Carcinogenicity
Eye Dam.	Serious eye damage
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
Skin Corr.	Skin corrosion

0

## **HMIS Rating**

0	
Health hazard:	3
Chronic Health Hazard:	*
Flammability:	0
Physical Hazard	0
NFPA Rating	
Health hazard:	3
Fire Hazard:	0

# Reactivity Hazard:

## Further information

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## **Preparation Information**

Sigma-Aldrich Corporation Product Safety – Americas Region 1-800-521-8956

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