SIGMA-ALDRICH

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

Version 4.12 Revision Date 05/24/2016 Print Date 11/19/2018

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

1.1	Product identifiers Product name	:	Sodium hexafluoroaluminate
	Product Number Brand Index-No.	: : :	230049 Aldrich 009-016-00-2
1.2	CAS-No.	: F + b	13775-53-6 e substance or mixture and uses advised against
1.2	Relevant lucillined uses of	i un	e substance of mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Laboratory chemicals, Synthesis of substances

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company	:	Sigma-Aldrich 3050 Spruce Street SAINT LOUIS MO 63103 USA
Telephone Fax	:	+1 800-325-5832 +1 800-325-5052

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency Phone # : +1-703-527-3887 (CHEMTREC)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)

Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 4), H332 Effects on or via lactation, H362 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Category 1), H372 Acute aquatic toxicity (Category 2), H401 Chronic aquatic toxicity (Category 2), H411

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

Danger

2.2 GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram

Signal word



eignen nord	2
Hazard statement(s)	
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H362	May cause harm to breast-fed children.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statement(s)	
P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P260	Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
P263	Avoid contact during pregnancy/ while nursing.

P264 P270 P271	Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P304 + P340 + P312	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell.
P308 + P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P391	Collect spillage.
P501	Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS - none

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

31 **Substances**

Synonyms	:	Cryolite, synthetic
Formula	:	AIF ₆ Na ₃
Molecular weight	:	209.94 g/mol
CAS-No.	:	13775-53-6
EC-No.	:	237-410-6
Index-No.	:	009-016-00-2

Hazardous components

	1
Acute Tox. 4; Lact. ; STOT RE 1; Aquatic Acute 2; Aquatic Chronic 2; H332, H362, H372, H411	<= 100 %
1; Ch H4	Aquatic Acute 2; Aquatic nronic 2; H332, H362, H372,

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 **Description of first aid measures**

General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Move out of dangerous area. Hydrofluoric (HF) acid burns require immediate and specialized first aid and medical treatment. Symptoms may be delayed up to 24 hours depending on the concentration of HF. After decontamination with water, further damage can occur due to penetration/absorption of the fluoride ion. Treatment should be directed toward binding the fluoride ion as well as the effects of exposure. Skin exposures can be treated with a 2.5% calcium gluconate gel repeated until burning ceases. More serious skin exposures may require subcutaneous calcium gluconate except for digital areas unless the physician is experienced in this technique, due to the potential for tissue injury from increased pressure. Absorption can readily occur through the subungual areas and should be considered when undergoing decontamination. Prevention of absorption of the fluoride ion in cases of ingestion can be obtained by giving milk, chewable calcium carbonate tablets or Milk of Magnesia to conscious victims. Conditions such as hypocalcemia, hypomagnesemia and cardiac arrhythmias should be monitored for, since they can occur after exposure.

If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

In case of skin contact

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Take victim immediately to hospital. Consult a physician. First treatment with calcium gluconate paste.

In case of eye contact

Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

If swallowed

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed No data available

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

- 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture No data available
- **5.3** Advice for firefighters Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

5.4 Further information No data available

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Use personal protective equipment. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid breathing dust. For personal protection see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Pick up and arrange disposal without creating dust. Sweep up and shovel. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Further processing of solid materials may result in the formation of combustible dusts. The potential for combustible dust formation should be taken into consideration before additional processing occurs.

Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. For precautions see section 2.2.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

Storage class (TRGS 510): Non-combustible, acute toxic Cat.3 / toxic hazardous materials or hazardous materials causing chronic effects

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Components with workplace control parameters

Keep in a dry place.

Component	CAS-No.	Value	Control	Basis			
			parameters				
Trisodium hexafluoroaluminate	13775-53-6	TWA	2.500000 mg/m3	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air			
	<u> </u>			Contaminants			
	Remarks		er varies with comp				
		TWA	2.500000 mg/m3	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)			
		Bone damag	je				
		Substances		a Biological Exposure Index or Indices			
		(see BEI® se					
			ble as a human ca	rcinogen			
	<u> </u>	varies					
		TWA	1.000000 mg/m3	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)			
		Lower Respi	iratory Tract irritation	on			
		Pneumoconi	Pneumoconiosis				
		Neurotoxicity					
		Not classifiable as a human carcinogen					
		varies					
		TWA	1.000000	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values			
	<u> </u>		mg/m3	(TLV)			
			_ower Respiratory Tract irritation Pneumoconiosis				
		Neurotoxicity		reinegen			
		varies	ble as a human ca	remogen			
	-	TWA	2.5 mg/m3	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits			
			2.0	(OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air			
				Contaminants			
	1	CAS numbe	er varies with comp				
	1	TWA	2.5 mg/m3	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values			
			-	(TLV)			
		Bone damag	je				
		Fluorosis					
				a Biological Exposure Index or Indices			
			(see BEI® section)				
			ble as a human ca	rcinogen			
	+	varies TWA	1 mg/m2	LICA ACCILI Throphold Limit Values			
			1 mg/m3	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)			
			iratory Tract irritatio	on			
		Pneumoconi					
		Neurotoxicity					
		Not classifiable as a human carcinogen					
	<u> </u>	varies	0.5 mm m / == 0				
		PEL	2.5 mg/m3	California permissible exposure			
				limits for chemical contaminants			
				(Title 8, Article 107)			

Biological occupational exposure limits

Component	CAS-No.	Parameters	Value	Biological specimen	Basis
Trisodium hexafluoroaluminate	13775-53-6	Fluoride	3.0000 mg/g	Urine	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
	Remarks	Prior to shift (1	6 hours afte	r exposure ceases)	

Fluoride	10.0000 mg/g	Urine	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
End of shift (As	s soon as po	ssible after exposure	e ceases)
Fluoride	2 mg/l	Urine	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
Prior to shift (16 hours after exposure ceases)			
Fluoride	3 mg/l	Urine	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
End of shift (As	s soon as po	ssible after exposure	ceases)

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Face shield and safety glasses Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

Body Protection

Complete suit protecting against chemicals, The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face particle respirator type N100 (US) or type P3 (EN 143) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

Control of environmental exposure

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

a)	Appearance	Form: powder
b)	Odour	No data available
c)	Odour Threshold	No data available
d)	рН	No data available
e)	Melting point/freezing point	No data available
f)	Initial boiling point and boiling range	No data available
g)	Flash point	Not applicable
h)	Evaporation rate	No data available
i)	Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
j)	Upper/lower flammability or	No data available

explosive limits

k)	Vapour pressure	No data available			
I)	Vapour density	No data available			
m)	Relative density	2.9 g/mL at 25 °C (77 °F)			
n)	Water solubility	0.602 g/l at 20 °C (68 °F)			
o)	Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	No data available			
p)	Auto-ignition temperature	No data available			
q)	Decomposition temperature	No data available			
r)	Viscosity	No data available			
s)	Explosive properties	No data available			
t)	Oxidizing properties	No data available			
Oth	Other safety information				

9.2 Other safety information No data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity No data available

10.2 Chemical stability Stable under recommended storage conditions.

- **10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** No data available
- **10.4 Conditions to avoid** No data available
- **10.5** Incompatible materials Strong bases

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Hydrogen fluoride, Sodium oxides, Aluminum oxide Other decomposition products - No data available In the event of fire: see section 5

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - Rat - > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Gastrointestinal:Changes in structure or function of salivary glands. Skin and Appendages: Other: Hair.

Inhalation: No data available

Dermal: No data available

No data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Rat Result: No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Eyes - Rat

Result: No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Maximisation Test - Guinea pig Result: Does not cause skin sensitisation. (OECD Test Guideline 406)

Germ cell mutagenicity No data available

Carcinogenicity

Reproductive toxicity No data available

Effects on or via lactation

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure No data available

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

No data available

Additional Information

RTECS: BD0075000

Fluoride ion can reduce serum calcium levels possibly causing fatal hypocalcemia.

To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish	LC50 - Danio rerio (zebra fish) - 99 mg/l - 96 h (OECD Test Guideline 203)
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	EC50 - Daphnia pulex (Water flea) - 5 mg/l - 48 h
	EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 156 mg/l - 48 h (OECD Test Guideline 202)
Toxicity to algae	Growth inhibition NOEC - Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae) - 1 mg/l - 72 h (OECD Test Guideline 201)

12.2 Persistence and degradability Biodegradability Resul

Result: - Not readily biodegradable.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential No data available

12.4 Mobility in soil No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted

12.6 Other adverse effects

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material.

Contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT (US)

Not dangerous goods

IMDG

UN number: 3077 Class: 9 Packing group: III EMS-No: F-A, S-F Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Trisodium hexafluoroaluminate) Marine pollutant:yes IATA UN number: 3077 Class: 9 Packing group: III Proper shipping name: Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Trisodium hexafluoroaluminate)

Further information

EHS-Mark required (ADR 2.2.9.1.10, IMDG code 2.10.3) for single packagings and combination packagings containing inner packagings with Dangerous Goods > 5L for liquids or > 5kg for solids.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA 302 Components No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

SARA 313 Components

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

SARA 311/312 Hazards

Acute Health Hazard

Massachusetts Right To Know Components

No components are subject to the Massachusetts Right to Know Act.

Pennsylvania Right To Know Components		
	CAS-No.	Revision Date
Trisodium hexafluoroaluminate	13775-53-6	2008-06-01
New Jersey Right To Know Components		
	CAS-No.	Revision Date
Trisodium hexafluoroaluminate	13775-53-6	2008-06-01

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
Aquatic Acute	Acute aquatic toxicity
Aquatic Chronic	Chronic aquatic toxicity
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H362	May cause harm to breast-fed children.

H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H401	Toxic to aquatic life.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Lact.	Effects on or via lactation

HMIS Rating

Health hazard:	2
Chronic Health Hazard: Flammability: Physical Hazard	0 0
NFPA Rating	
NFPA Rating Health hazard:	2
•	2 0

Further information

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Preparation Information

Sigma-Aldrich Corporation Product Safety – Americas Region 1-800-521-8956

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